

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for assigning a channel to a UE (user equipment) by a UTRAN (UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System) Terrestrial Radio Access Network) in a CDMA (Code Division Multiple Access) communication system, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a access preamble signature from the UE; and  
determining an available physical common packet channel (PCPCH) in the UTRAN in response to the received access preamble signature;

~~selecting one of a plurality of channel assignment signatures associated with the received access preamble signature in order to assign one of a plurality of physical common packet channels (PCPCHs) unused in the UTRAN based on the determined physical common packet channel (PCPCH); and~~

transmitting the selected channel assignment signature to the UE.

2. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the UTRAN selects one of the channel assignment signatures depending on a maximum data rate required when the UE transmits data.

3. (Cancelled)

4. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 [[3]], wherein the PCPCH selecting step comprises the steps of:

determining a number  $P_{SF}$  of PCPCHs capable of supporting a ~~maximum~~ data rate required when the UE transmits data out of an available the unused PCPCHs;

determining a number  $S_{SF}$  of access preamble signature available for the ~~maximum~~ data rate required when the UE transmits data;

determining a number  $T_{SF}$  of channel assignment signatures available for the ~~maximum~~ data rate depending on the number  $P_{SF}$  of the PCPCHs;

calculating a minimum positive number  $M_{SF}$  out of positive numbers which are determined to have a remainder of '0' when multiplying the number  $S_{SF}$  of the access preamble signatures by a given positive number and dividing the multiplied value by the number  $P_{SF}$  of the PCPCHs;

calculating a specific coefficient 'n' satisfying the following equation

$$n * M_{SF} * S_{SF} \leq i + j * S_{SF} < (n+1) * M_{SF} * S_{SF}$$

where  $i$  denotes an access preamble signature number and  $j$  denotes a channel allocation message number; and

selecting one PCPCH's number 'k' out of the available PCPCHs ~~unused~~ in the UTRAN by satisfying the following equation

$$k = \{[(i+n) \bmod S_{SF}] + j * S_{SF}\} \bmod P_{SF}.$$

5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, further comprising the steps of:  
calculating a specific coefficient 'm' for determining a data rate by satisfying the following equation

$$P_{2^{m-1}} \leq k < P_{2^m}$$

where  $P_{2^{m-1}}$  denotes a channelization code with a spreading factor  $2^{m-1}$ , and  $P_{2^m}$  denotes a channelization code with a spreading factor  $2^m$ ;

calculating an uplink scrambling code's number by satisfying the following equation

$$\left\lfloor \sum_{2 \leq a < m-1} (P_{2^a} - P_{2^{a-1}}) / 2^{a-1} + (k - P_{2^{m-1}}) / 2^m \right\rfloor$$

where,  $\alpha$  is an integer numbers;

calculating a heading node by satisfying the following equation

$$\left( \sum_{2 \leq a \leq m-1} (P_{2^a} - P_{2^{a-1}}) * 2^{m-a} + k - P_{2^{m-1}} \right) / 2^{m-1} ; \text{ and}$$

selecting a channelization code with a spreading factor corresponding to the ~~maximum~~ data rate from the heading node and determining the selected channelization code as a channelization code to be used by the UE.

6. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the channel assignment signature (j) is selected by satisfying following equation;

$$n * M_{SF} * S_{SF} \leq i + j * S_{SF} < (n+1) * M_{SF} * S_{SF}$$

where, i is number of the access preamble signature, the  $S_{SF}$  is a number of access preamble signatures assigned for the maximum data rate determined by the access preamble signature, the  $M_{SF}$  is a minimum positive number( $M_{SF}$ ) out of positive numbers which are determined to have a remainder of '0' when multiplying the number  $S_{SF}$  by a given positive number and dividing the multiplied value by a number  $P_{SF}$  representing number of PCPCHs assigned to support the maximum data rate, the n indicates how many times a period of  $M_{SF}$  has been repeated.

7. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein a PCPCH (k) is determined by satisfying following equation;

$$k = \{[(i+n) \bmod S_{SF}] + j * S_{SF}\} \bmod P_{SF}.$$

8 – 14. (Cancelled)

15. (Currently Amended) A method for assigning a channel in a UE (user equipment) for a CDMA (Code Division Multiple Access) communication system, comprising the steps of:

receiving a maximum data rate supported by available physical common packet channels (PCPCHs) in the UTRAN;

upon generation of data to be transmitted over a PCPCH channel, selecting one of a plurality of access preamble signatures and transmitting the selected access preamble signature to a UTRAN based on the received maximum data rate;

receiving a selected one of a plurality of channel assignment signatures from the UTRAN based on the available physical common packet channels (PCPCHs); and

determining a PCPCH channel ~~for transmitting the data depending on the selected access preamble signature and the received channel assignment signature.~~

16. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the UE selects one of the access preamble signatures depending on a maximum data rate required when transmitting the data.

17. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the PCPCH (k) is determined by satisfying following equation;

$$k = \{(i+n) \bmod S_{SF} + j * S_{SF}\} \bmod P_{SF} \{[.]$$

where, i is a number of the access preamble signature, the j is a number of the received channel assignment signature, the  $S_{SF}$  is a number of access preamble signatures assigned for the ~~maximum~~ data rate determined by the access preamble signature, the  $P_{SF}$  representing a number of PCPCHs assigned to support the ~~maximum~~ data rate, and the n indicates how many times a period of  $M_{SF}$ , which represent a minimum positive number out of positive numbers which are determined to have a remainder of '0' when multiplying the number  $S_{SF}$  by a given positive number and dividing the multiplied value by a number  $P_{SF}$ , has been repeated.

18. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the selecting step comprises the steps of:

determining a number  $P_{SF}$  of PCPCHs capable of supporting a ~~maximum~~ data rate required when the UE transmits data out of the available unused PCPCHs;

determining a number  $S_{SF}$  of access preamble signatures available for the ~~maximum~~ data rate required when the UE transmits data;

determining a number  $T_{SF}$  of channel assignment signatures available for the ~~maximum~~ data rate depending on the number  $P_{SF}$  of the PCPCHs;

calculating a minimum positive number  $M_{SF}$  out of positive numbers which are determined to have a remainder of '0' when multiplying the number  $S_{SF}$  of the access preamble signatures by a given positive number and dividing the multiplied value by the number  $P_{SF}$  of the PCPCHs;

calculating a specific coefficient 'n' satisfying the following equation

$$n * M_{SF} * S_{SF} \leq i + j * S_{SF} < (n+1) * M_{SF} * S_{SF}$$

where i denotes an access preamble signature number and j denotes a channel allocation message number; and

selecting one PCPCH's number 'k' out of the available PCPCHs ~~unused~~ in the UTRAN by satisfying the following equation

$$k = \{(i+n) \bmod S_{SF} + j * S_{SF}\} \bmod P_{SF}.$$

19. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 18, further comprising the steps of:

calculating a specific coefficient 'm' for determining a data rate by satisfying the following equation

$$P_{2^{m-1}} \leq k < P_{2^m}$$

where  $P_{2^{m-1}}$  denotes a channelization code with a spreading factor  $2^{m-1}$ , and  $P_{2^m}$  denotes a channelization code with a spreading factor  $2^m$ ;

calculating an uplink scrambling code's number by satisfying the following equation

$$\left[ \sum_{2 \leq a < m-1} (P_{2^a} - P_{2^{a-1}}) / 2^{a-1} + (k - P_{2^{m-1}}) / 2^m \right]$$

where, a is an integer numbers;

calculating a heading node by satisfying the following equation

$$\left( \sum_{2 \leq a \leq m-1} (P_{2^a} - P_{2^{a-1}}) * 2^{m-a} + k - P_{2^{m-1}} \right) / 2^{m-1}$$

; and

selecting a channelization code with a spreading factor corresponding to the maximum data rate from the heading node and determining the selected channelization code as a channelization code to be used by the UE.

20. (New) A method for assigning a channel to a UE (user equipment) by a UTRAN (UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System) Terrestrial Radio Access Network) in a CDMA (Code Division Multiple Access) communication system, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a selected one of a plurality of access preamble signatures from the UE;

transmitting a access preamble acquisition indicator signal to the UE;

receiving a collision detection preamble from the UE;

determining a specific channel assignment signature from a plurality of channel assignment signatures so as to select one of a plurality of unused PCPCHs (physical common packet channels) depending on the received access preamble signature and a channel assignment signature; and

transmitting a collision detection indicator channel signal and the determined specific channel assignment signature to the UE.

21. (New) A method for assigning a channel in a UE (user equipment) for a CDMA (Code Division Multiple Access) communication system, comprising the steps of:

upon generation of data to be transmitted over a PCPCH channel, selecting one of a plurality of access preamble signatures and transmitting the selected access preamble signature to a UTRAN;

receiving a access preamble acquisition indicator signal from the UTRAN;

transmitting a collision detection preamble to the UTRAN;

receiving a collision detection indicator channel signal and a selected one of a plurality of channel assignment signatures from the UTRAN; and

determining a PCPCH channel for transmitting the data depending on the selected access preamble signature and the received channel assignment signature.